MARINE BIOSECURITY PORTHOLE: https://marinebiosecurity.niwa.co.nz/the-impact-of-non-native-marine-pests-on-our-takutai-moana/





## The impact of non-native marine pests on our takutai moana

This project seeks to understand and better implement a M?ori perspective within the current marine biosecurity system in New Zealand. This includes understanding how marine pest incursions have already, and might in the future, impact on M?ori values in the marine environment. We want to explore how M?ori understand and experience biosecurity issues within their coasts and oceans; what values/how those values are impacted (which are not always quantifiable e.g. identity of a tribe); and, if/how those values can be better incorporated and appropriately considered in decision making around response to both the spread of existing or arrival of new marine pests.

NIWA scientists, working in collaboration with iwi, are looking to understand how M?ori evaluate the threats from pest species to their marine environments and the value they may provide M?ori. For example, some non-native species, like the Pacific oyster, cause changes to natural habitats, but are now an important source of kaimoana and, for some, a source of employment and income. Our approach will include speaking at the wh?•nau, hap? and/or marae level through w?nanga, but we are also interested in the views and perspectives of organisations who have a specific responsibility and focus on customary fisheries. Prior to developing (or adapting) a kaupapa M?ori framework as an example of how "risk assessment" on M?ori values could occur, we are interested in exploring some key questions including:

- 1. How do M?•ori/customary fisheries managers understand biosecurity risk, pest or invasive species and what do these terms mean?
- 2. What experience have you had with a marine pest/invasive species affecting things that are important to you, what was affected and how?
- 3. What types of values could be affected by marine pests?
- 4. What do you feel is an appropriate way to think about and evaluate the risk of new threats to your

values?

5. Do you already have a process/framework to assess risk, and if not how would you go about it?

## Other questions of interest include:

- 1. What is considered native/taonga species? (e.g. Trout an invasive species but still highly regarded by many iwi in the central North Island)
- 2. How do you weigh the negative and positive impacts of biosecurity risks/benefits for your iwi/hap?/wh?nau? (e.g. Asian date mussel displaces traditional shellfish beds, but can provide food/feeding structure for valued fish species like Snapper)
- 3. How did/do M?•ori assess risk to values in the marine environment already? (e.g. Tapa Wh? model, CCHI monitoring) Are there other Kaupapa M?•ori frameworks for assessing risk?
- 4. What values do M?ori consider when assessing risks in whichever framework (e.g. risk to community safety and ability to recreate, identity, food source), is there an acceptable level of impact from non-native species?

## **Outcomes**

Appropriate consideration of impacts of pest species on M?ori values, as defined by Maori, within the marine environment is important. It is hoped that this research will create space to w?nanga how M?ori experience biosecurity issues, how M?ori see pest species within the marine ecosystems (e.g. indicators of degradation or potentially valuable kai species), what types of impacts pest species could have in the future, and how these may be both a threat or of benefit. It is also hoped that working with iwi and hap? partners we will develop a tool to support them in their role as kaitiaki and decision makers. This tool may also inform a more considered risk assessment framework for other resource managers, regulators and decision makers to use when considering the impacts of future marine biosecurity risks.

## **Key contacts**

Ms Kelly Ratana
Kelly.Ratana@niwa.co.nz

Dr Graeme Inglis Graeme.Inglis@niwa.co.nz